

Classroom secrets *

## Roman Numerals

Roman Numerals
la. Complete the sequences by filling in the missing Roman numerals.


2a. Write the following Roman numerals in ascending order.
lb. Complete the sequences by filling in the missing Roman numerals.
a)

| xIv |  | xVII |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

b)

|  | LxVIII |  | Lxx |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

c)

| xCII |  | xcIv |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

同

2b. Write the following Roman numerals in ascending order.

> XVII C LXVII XCI
問

Sa. Use <, > or = to complete the statements.


1a. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
\begin{aligned}
\mathrm{LX}+20 & =\square \\
90-\mathrm{XXXVI} & =\square \\
\mathrm{XCI}+8 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

1b. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { XLIX }-30=\square \\
& 85+\text { XIII }=\square \\
& 74-\text { XXIV }=\square
\end{aligned}
$$

2b. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 100 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


Explain your reasoning.

3b. Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals. Each card may only be used once.


Find all the possibilities.

Find all the possibilities.


2a. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 100 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


Explain your reasoning.

Classroom
secrets $x$
© Classroom Secrets Limited 2020
Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.
Join our froup: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

1a. Complete the sequences by filling in the missing Roman numerals.

a) \begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline CIII \& \& CV \& <br>

b) \begin{tabular}{|l|l|l|l|}
\hline \& CCIV \& \& CCIVII <br>
\hline \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{} <br>

c) | DXXIV |  | DXXVI |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

$.$

<br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

2a. Write the following Roman numerals in ascending order.

CMI CCCXC DC CXCIX

3a. Use <, > or = to complete the statements.

| CDLV | $\square 355$ |
| ---: | :--- |
| 699 | $\square$ DCXCIX |
| CDXXVII | $\square 430$ |

4a. The Battle of Hastings occurred in 1066.

Circle the correct Roman numeral.

MLXVI MLXV CLXVI

1b. Complete the sequences by filling in the missing Roman numerals.
a)

|  | CCCLI |  | CCCLIII |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

b) | CDVII |  | CDVIX |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

c) |  | DCXV |  | DCXVII |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

2b. Write the following Roman numerals in ascending order.

CCCXL CXLII CCLXXX DCCXII

3b. Use <, > or = to complete the statements.


CCCLXVIII $\square 833$

4b. The War of the Roses began in 1455.

Circle the correct Roman numeral.
MCLV MDLV MCDLV

1a. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
\begin{aligned}
200+\mathrm{CCI} & =\square \\
\mathrm{DC}-45 & =\square \\
\mathrm{CCCL}+150 & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

1b. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
485-\mathrm{CCXV}=\square
$$

241 + DCXXXIV = $\square$
$\square$

2b. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


Explain your reasoning.

3b. Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals. Each card may only be used once.


Find all the possibilities.

Find all the possibilities.
3a. Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals. Each card may only be used once.


Explain your reasoning.
2a. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


1a. Complete the sequences by filling in the missing Roman numerals.

| a) | ccxx |  | cCXXIV |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| b) |  | CDXLV |  | CDLV |
| c) | DCL |  | DCLXX |  |

2a. Write the following Roman numerals in descending order.


4a. Queen Victoria was born in MDCCCXIX.

Write this as a number.

1b. Complete the sequences by filling in the missing Roman numerals.
a)

|  | cccill |  | cccix |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

b) | CMXL |  | CMLX |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

c) |  | DXIV |  | DCCXIV |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

2b. Write the following Roman numerals in descending order.

> DCXXV DCV CMXC DLXIII

3b. Use <, > or = to complete the statements.


4b. Shakespeare was born in MDLXIV.

Write this as a number.

1a. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.
CCCXII + CVI $=\square$
DCCXXI - CCXV $=\square$
CDXCI + CCCLX $=\square$

2a. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


Explain your reasoning.

1b. Complete the calculations. Write the answers in Roman numerals.

$$
\begin{aligned}
M-\text { DXLVIII } & =\square \\
\text { DCXXIX + CXIII } & =\square \\
\text { CMVI }- \text { CDXIV } & =\square
\end{aligned}
$$

2b. Using your knowledge of Roman numerals to 1,000 , work out the value of the Roman numeral below.


Explain your reasoning.

3a. Arrange the cards below to create different Roman numerals. Each card may only be used once.

la．Use the cards to complete the part whole model．

$\underset{\sim}{0}$
2a．Complete the bar model．

| 465 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 124 | $?$ | 202 |

## 吅

Ba．Ben thinks of a number．He adds and subtracts the following numbers：


號
Aa．Which of the following cards create a two－step calculation that gives 89 as the answer？

lb．Use the cards to complete the part whole model．

$\xrightarrow{0}$
2b．Complete the bar model．

| 938 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $?$ | 85 | 344 |  |

吅
Sb．Kate thinks of a number．She adds and subtracts the following numbers：


What number did she start with？
tb．Which of the following cards create a two－step calculation that gives 222 as the answer？


1a．Tree $A$ is 378 m tall．
Tree B is $\underline{253 m}$ shorter than tree A．
Tree C is $\underline{73 \mathrm{~m}}$ taller than tree A ．


What is the total height of the trees？


2a．There are 500 marbles in a pack．

$$
\begin{array}{lllll}
100 & 100 & 100 & 100 & 100
\end{array}
$$

Box A has $\mathbf{1 4 1}$ marbles．Box C has $\underline{152}$ more than box $A$ ．


Box A


Box B


Box C

How many marbles are in box $B$ ？
Convince me．

3a．Write a word problem to go with the following calculation．

| $225 g$ | $\mathbf{3 3 4 g}-\square=$ | $\mathbf{4 1 4 g}$ |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 100 | 10 | 100 |
| 10 | 10 | 100 |
| 100 |  |  |
| 100 | 10 | 100 |
| 1 | 1 | 100 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

Solve your word problem．

1b．A school orders 455 maths books．
They order 258 fewer English books than maths books，and 86 more art books than English books．




How many books are ordered in total？同

2b．Eric has $\mathbf{7 2 3}$ stamps in his collection $100100100100100100100101011 \quad 1 \quad 1$

Book A has $\underline{423}$ stamps in．Book B has $\underline{225}$ fewer than book A．


Book A
Book B
Book C
How many stamps are in book C？
Convince me．
同
3b．Write a word problem to go with the following calculation．

| $512 \mathrm{~cm}-\square+12$ | $+123 \mathrm{~cm}=317 \mathrm{~cm}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10010 | 10010 | 10010 |
| 1001 | 110 | 1001 |
| 1001 | 11 | 1001 |
| 100 |  | （1） 1 |
| 100 |  | （1） |
| Solve your word problem． |  | 1 |
| 閶 |  | Ps |

1a. Use the cards to complete the part whole model.


2a. Complete the bar model.

| 7,429 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,532 | $?$ | 965 |

3a. Tony thinks of a number.
After he adds 6,424 and subtracts 2,825, his number is 5,095 .


What number did he start with?

4a. Which of the following cards create a two-step calculation that gives 6,184 as the answer?


1b. Use the cards to complete the part whole model.


2b. Complete the bar model.

| 8,498 |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: |
| $?$ | 3,009 | 999 |

3b. Alycia thinks of a number.
After she subtracts 3,724 and adds 2,999, her number is 4,526 .


4b. Which of the following cards create a two-step calculation that gives 2,875 as the answer?


1a. A charity want to raise $£ \mathbf{£}, \mathbf{5} 59$.

They raise $£ 4,522$ in the first month.
They raise two thousand, six hundred and twenty-five pounds less in the second month.

In the third month, they raise $£ 1,540$ more than what they raised in the second month.

Does the charity reach their goal?

2a. Jack is organising his sticker collection. He has 9,292 stickers in total.

Box A has 4,906 stickers. Box C has 1,208 fewer stickers than box $A$.


How many stickers are in box B?
Convince me.

3a. Write a word problem to go with the following calculation.
$7,886 \mathrm{ml}-4,392 \mathrm{ml}+\mathrm{ml}=6,399 \mathrm{ml}$

Solve your word problem.

1b. A warehouse is receiving a bulk shipment of pet food.

6,016 of the tins are dog food.
They receive 4,634 fewer tins of cat food than dog food.

They receive 1,020 more tins of fish food than cat food.

How many tins of pet food do they receive in total?

3b. There are 4,498 counters in one bulk bag.

Box A holds 1,197 counters. Box B holds 586 more counters than box $A$.


How many counters are in box C? Convince me.

3b. Write a word problem to go with the following calculation.
$£ 6,688+£ 2,501-£=£ 7,626$

Solve your word problem.


Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.
Join our $f$ Group: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

## Multi-Step Problems

1a. A printing company are recording their quarterly sales. They want to print 8,500 flyers in this quarter.

In January, they printed 2,264 flyers.
In February, they printed half the amount printed in January.

In March, they printed 234 more than January and February combined.

Have they met their goal for this quarter?

2a. 4,432 buttons are made in three hours. It takes six hours to make enough buttons to fill three boxes.

When Box B has been filled, there are 3,363 buttons remaining. Box $C$ holds half the amount of buttons as Box A.


How many more are there in box A than box C?

3a. These are the items in a school stationery cupboard. Write a word problem using the information from the table. It must have at least two steps and the answer must be a 4-digit number.

| Item | Number |
| :--- | :--- |
| Pens | 2,764 |
| Pencils |  |
| Rulers | 2,009 |
| Total | 8,672 |

Solve your word problem.

1b. Jet Air are tracking the number of bookings made year on year to measure the company's growth.

| Year | Number of bookings |
| :--- | :--- |
| 2016 | 2,267 |
| 2017 | Up 2,796 |
| 2018 | Down 2,978 |

How many bookings were made in each year and in total?

2b. Three boxes hold 9,567 elastic bands altogether. When box $C$ has been filled there are 6,909 elastic bands left.

Box $A$ has twice as many elastic bands as box B.


How many more are there in Box C than Box B?

3b. These are the results of a traffic survey. Use the information to write a word problem. It must have at least two steps and the answer must be a 4-digit number.

Number of Cars

| $08: 30$ | 4,906 |
| :--- | :--- |
| $09: 30$ | 2,744 |
| $10: 30$ | 1,399 |

Solve your word problem.

| Dark Blue | $\frac{\text { Red }}{20 \div 10}$ | $\frac{\text { Brown }}{30 \div 10}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $500 \div 100$ | $80 \div 100$ | $6 \times 100$ |
| $90 \div 10$ | $9 \times 10$ | $8 \times 10$ |
| $3 \times 10$ |  | $2 \times 10$ |
|  | $\frac{\text { Orange }}{\text { Yellow }}$ | $400 \div 100$ |
| $100 \div 100$ | $50 \div 10$ | $\underline{\text { Light Blue }}$ |
| $10 \times 10$ | $5 \times 10$ | $5 \times 10$ |
| $4 \times 100$ |  |  |
| $7 \times 10$ |  |  |
| $9 \times 100$ |  |  |
| Now colour the rest of the picture. |  |  |



Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning. Join our f Group: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

## Multiplying and Dividing Word Problems

1. a) 8 times a number is 200 . What is $\mathbf{8 0}$ times the number?
b) 6 times a number is 8.4. What is 60 times the number?
c) 70 times a number is 56 . What is 7 times the number? Explain your answers to all parts.
2. Lizzie and Jane share 2690 beads equally between them. They create jewellery items to sell at the school fayre. Jane needs 7 beads per item and Lizzie needs 8 beads per item. Who, if anyone, will have the most number of beads left over?
3. Daniel gets $€ 592.50$ when he exchanges $£ 500$. He decides to exchange another $£ 300$. How much is this in Euros?
4. It takes 12 weeks for a sunflower to grow 15 cm . How many minutes is this?
5. 14 x $\square$ x $\square$ 1694
The same number is missing from each box. What is the missing number?

Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk for online games to support learning.

## Add and Subtract Fractions

1. With a partner, play the game below.

Cut the spinners out and take it in turns to spin! Each spinner will give you a fraction.

Add the two fractions together.
A point is received for each correct answer.
The person with the highest number of points after 10 spins is the winner.
Were some pairs easier to add together? Why?

Spinner 1


Spinner 2

2. Play the game with a partner. You need a different coloured pencil each.

Choose two fractions to subtract. If the answer is less than one half, shade both boxes. The first person to travel from one side of the board (in any direction) to the other is the winner. You cannot choose fractions with the same denominator.

| $\frac{9}{12}$ | $\frac{5}{16}$ | $\frac{3}{5}$ | $\frac{4}{6}$ | $\frac{2}{3}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{8}{10}$ | $\frac{7}{9}$ | $\frac{11}{8}$ | $\frac{3}{4}$ | $\frac{15}{12}$ |
| $\frac{5}{6}$ | $\frac{4}{5}$ | $\frac{15}{9}$ | $\frac{5}{8}$ | $\frac{9}{10}$ |
| $\frac{14}{8}$ | $\frac{20}{16}$ | $\frac{1}{4}$ | $\frac{2}{6}$ | $\frac{14}{12}$ |
| $\frac{7}{4}$ | $\frac{12}{9}$ | $\frac{17}{10}$ | $\frac{5}{3}$ | $\frac{8}{5}$ |

1a. Circle the sentence below which has used a fronted adverbial.
A. We all went into the cinema before it rained.
B. Finally, we all went to the cinema.
C. We all went to the cinema quickly.

1b. Circle the sentence below which has used a fronted adverbial.
A. Firstly, you should visit the museum.
B. You should visit the museum before you do anything else.
C. We will certainly visit the new exhibition.

2a. Insert a comma after the fronted adverbial in the sentence below.

Eventually we all made it to Harriet's birthday party.

2b. Insert a comma after the fronted adverbial in the sentence below.

Sadly Emma lost her dog at the beach.

3a. True or false? The adverbial used in the sentence below is an adverbial of place and can be moved to the front of the sentence.

I bought an expensive chocolate bar from the corner shop.

4a. Identify which adverbial in the sentence below can be moved to the beginning of the sentence.

I parked my car under the bridge this morning.

3b. True or false? The adverbial used in the sentence below is an adverbial of time and can be moved to the front of the sentence.

You will find many tasty snacks in the top cupboard.

4b. Identify which adverbial in the sentence below can be moved to the beginning of the sentence.

The ladies were still dancing in high heels at midnight.

## ~


#### Abstract

la．Rewrite the sentence below with the adverbial phrase at the beginning of the sentence．


Niamh ran home excitedly to see her birthday cake．
lb．Rewrite the sentence below with the adverbial phrase at the beginning of the sentence．

The team captain jumped up
happily when they scored a goal．

2a．The children are discussing which adverbials are best to use in a sentence．

it was sunny but not particularly warm．

Whose adverbial would fit best？

3a．Jenny thinks that the phrase in the morning＇can be moved to the beginning of the sentence and used as a fronted adverbial．

The postman will deliver our letters in the morning．

Is she correct？Explain your answer．


2b．The children are discussing which adverbials are best to use in a sentence．

his cat came home with a mouse he had found．

Whose adverbial would fit best？

Bb．Riley thinks that the phrase＇into his mum＇s car＇can be moved to the beginning of the sentence and used as a fronted adverbial．

Shaun finds it hard to get into his mum＇s car．

Is he correct？Explain your answer．品

1a. Circle the sentence below which has used a fronted adverbial.
A. Suzie walked past the beach after she had finished shopping.
B. After finishing her shopping, Suzie went for a walk along the beach.
C. Suzie liked to collect shells when she went walking on the beach.

2a. Insert a comma after the fronted adverbial in the sentence below.

On a Monday evening my children both have dancing lessons with different teachers.

1b. Circle the sentence below which has used a fronted adverbial.
A. We always sit next to the window above the wing.
B. Children usually choose the window seat so that they get the best view during the flight.
C. A few rows behind, there are some seats with extra legroom.

2b. Insert a comma after the fronted adverbial in the sentence below.

Before long the lost dog returned unharmed to his relieved owner.

3a. True or false? The adverbial used in the sentence below is an adverbial of frequency and can be moved to the front of the sentence.

The mouse was frequently seen running around in the kitchen, avoiding the cat.


4a. Identify which adverbial in the sentence below can be moved to the beginning of the sentence.

The driver pulled over somewhere near here, and frantically ran out of the car towards the river.

3b. True or false? The adverbial used in the sentence below is an adverbial of frequency and can be moved to the front of the sentence.

My sister is usually in trouble when she sulks in her bedroom and ignores everyone.

4b. Identify which adverbial in the sentence below can be moved to the beginning of the sentence.

He left the party earlier than planned so he could rest before his important cricket match the following day.

1a. Rewrite the sentence below with the
adverbial phrase at the beginning of the sentence.

The children in Miss. Treacle's class could barely see the luxurious cruise ship in the distance.

1b. Rewrite the sentence below with the adverbial phrase at the beginning of the sentence.

Michael had been living in his grandmother's house with his labrador since 2010.

2a. The children are discussing which adverbials are best to use in a sentence.


The children returned to their seats without a sound.

Whose adverbial would fit best?

3a. Linda thinks that the words 'went to the local park' can be moved to the beginning of the sentence and used as a fronted adverbial.

Every Friday afternoon, Charlie went to the local park to play rounders with his friends until late.

Is she correct? Explain your answer.

2b. The children are discussing which adverbials are best to use in a sentence.


The deep sea divers discovered an old, ruined pirate ship.

Whose adverbial would fit best?

3b. Kieran thinks that the words 'with her cousin' can be moved to the beginning of the sentence and used as a fronted adverbial.

Laurie runs to the ice cream van with her cousin and buys them both a tasty treat.

Is he correct? Explain your answer.

1a. Circle the sentence below which has used a fronted adverbial.
A. A beautiful second goal flew into the back of the net after a few agonising minutes on the pitch.
B. Shortly after, following a tense few minutes on the pitch, another goal flew into the back of the net.
C. All the spectators cheered as another shot zoomed effortlessly into the net.

2a. Insert a comma after the fronted adverbial in the sentence below.

To annoyingly make matters worse, after being delayed in the airport for three hours, Ben's suitcase couldn't be located.
Wy

3a. True or false? The adverbial of frequency used in the sentence below can be moved to the front of the sentence.

Much to her disappointment, during the holidays, Julia rarely had many visitors.

4a. Identify which adverbial in the sentence below can be moved to the beginning of the sentence.

It's really important to eat more carbohydrates than usual before a big race as the muscles in your body will store more energy allowing for plenty of exercise.


1b. Circle the sentence below which has used a fronted adverbial.
A. Carefully, without making a sound, Tommy unbuckled Esme and carried her into the house.
B. Tommy crouched down awkwardly and unbuckled his daughter without disturbing her sleep.
C. Esme, who was blissfully unaware of what was happening, was lifted up.
雨

2b. Insert a comma after the fronted adverbial in the sentence below.

A few hours later that day despite Olive's repeated presses of the doorbell, nobody answered and she began to worry.

3b. True or false? The adverbial of frequency used in the sentence below can be moved to the front of the sentence.

Oddly enough, Richard, who normally had a great sense of direction, couldn't find his way back to his hotel.

4b. Identify which adverbial in the sentence below can be moved to the beginning of the sentence.

Melanie had wanted a promotion in the company for a long time although it was unlikely to happen now as her new manager wasn't very fond of her.
la. Rewrite the sentence below with one
adverbial phrase at the beginning of the
sentence.

Once or twice, the teenagers had been camping with their friends during the summer holidays.

2a. The children are discussing which adverbials are best to use in a sentence.


Dolphins are known to follow ships far out at sea.

Which adverbial fits best at the start and which fits best within the sentence?

3a. William thinks that the words 'to the local homeless shelter' can be moved to the beginning of the sentence and used as a fronted adverbial.

After her thirtieth birthday party,
Charlotte took any leftover food to the local homeless shelter.
2a. The children are discussing which
adverbials are best to use in a sentence.
60
.

1b. Rewrite the sentence below with one adverbial phrase at the beginning of the sentence.

With huge grins on their faces, they
went to the waterpark at the
weekend as they loved the slides.

Is he correct? Explain your answer.

Bravely, the new residents asked
the next door neighbours to mind their own business from now on.

3b. Carrie thinks that the words 'the next door neighbours' can be moved to the beginning of the sentence and used as an adverbial.
anver

Is he correct? Explain your answer.
2b. The children are discussing which adverbials are best to use in a sentence.


The egg started to move and cracked open.

Which adverbial fits best at the start and which fits best within the sentence?


| 1a. Name the punctuation used for parenthesis in the following sentences. |  |  | 1b. Name the punctuation used for parenthesis in the following sentences. |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A. My neighbour, who is ninety-łwo years old, was a soldier during the War. |  |  | A. Dinosaurs (which are now extinct) lived millions of years ago. |  |  |  |
| B. My cousins - who live in Edinburgh are visiting next weekend. |  |  | B. The park, which has a petting farm, is open to the public everyday. |  |  |  |
| ¢ |  | VF |  |  |  | VF |
| 2a. Circle the punctuation used for parenthesis in the sentence below. |  |  | 2b. Circle the punctuation used for parenthesis in the sentence below. |  |  |  |
| The children - who were going to the zoo on a school trip - had to be in school for half past eight. |  |  | The spotty dog, which lives at the end of our street, chases after the postman. |  |  |  |
| ¢ |  |  | 凩 |  |  |  |
| 3a. Underline the parenthesis in the sentence below. |  |  | 3b. Underline the parenthesis in the sentence below. |  |  |  |
| The trim-trail, which had been recently installed in our playground, was enjoyed by all the children. |  |  | The alien - which was green with yellow eyes - had three heads. |  |  |  |
| - |  | VF | ¢ |  |  |  |
| 4a. True or false? Commas are used correctly for parenthesis in the sentences below. |  |  | 4b. True or false? Commas are used correctly for parenthesis in the sentences below. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | F |  |
|  | 1 | F | A. The football team, who had |  |  |  |
| A. I went to the museum (with my dad) at the weekend. |  |  | just lost a game, were downcast. |  |  |  |
| B. My brother, who is three years older than me, has just left college. |  |  | B. Last week, I went to my friend's house for a sleepover. |  |  |  |
| 凧 $\mathrm{VF}^{\text {c }}$ |  |  | $\underset{\sim}{\infty}$ |  |  |  |

1a. Which of the following sentences use correct punctuation to show parenthesis?
A. Gabriel, who had been off ill for a few days, returned to school on Monday.
B. Gabriel who had been off ill for a few days returned to school on Monday.
C. Gabriel, who had been off ill for a few days returned to school on Monday.

2a. Hafsa and Cian are using commas to show parenthesis. Who has used punctuation correctly? Explain how you know.

1b. Which of the following sentences use correct punctuation to show parenthesis?
A. Wednesday's football match was cancelled.
B. The football match, due to take place on Wednesday, was cancelled.
C. On Wednesday, the football match was cancelled.


3a. Which sentence does not use punctuation for parenthesis? Tick one.
A. The ferry - which was due to set sail at noon - was delayed by two hours.

B. The large, blue ferry finally set off from the port of Dover.


Explain how you know.


The sun - which had been beating down all day began to set.
Sean


Chuan $\underset{\sim}{2}$
3b. Which sentence does not use punctuation for parenthesis? Tick one.
A. The sleek, red sports car was broken into late on Monday night.

B. The car (which had a smashed windscreen) had been broken into on Monday night.

Explain how you know.


The sun - which had been beating down all day began to set.


Visit kids.classroomsecrets.co.Uk for online games to support learning.
Join our f Group: Coronavirus Home Learning Support for Teachers and Parents

1a. Name the punctuation used for parenthesis in the following sentences.
A. The passenger smiled through gritted teeth and said nothing (she wasn't very happy about the plane's delay).
B. The Amazon rainforest - which is in Brazil - is the world's largest tropical rainforest and covers an area of over 5 million square kilometres.


2a. Circle the punctuation used for parenthesis in the sentence below.

The old decrepit castle, which sat on top of the hill, had been abandoned for hundreds of years and nobody dared to enter it.


3a. Underline the parenthesis in the sentence below.

The vegetable patch - which sat in the allotment - was looked after by my grandad and I used to help him with it during the summer holidays.

4a. True or false? Commas are used correctly for parenthesis in the sentences below

| below | T | F |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. I went to the cinema to see <br> Trolls with my dad, and we had a <br> giant bucket of popcorn.  <br> B. My dad, who is seventy, signed <br> up to take part in a marathon <br> because he loves running.  |  |  |

1b. Name the punctuation used for parenthesis in the following sentences.
A. The sea appeared to be calm and still when viewed from the beach (underneath however there was a strong current).
B. The baby giraffe, which had just been born, struggled to stand on his weak spindly legs and had to be helped by his mother.

## E

2b. Circle the punctuation used for parenthesis in the sentence below.

The old brown box, which had been sat in the corner of the attic for many years, was covered with dust and cobwebs but the key was surprisingly clean.

3b. Underline the parenthesis in the sentence below.

The elegant ballerina - who was about to star in her own stage show - had been training for many years and now her dream had come true.

4b. True or false? Commas are used correctly for parenthesis in the sentences below

|  | T | F |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. My brother likes to travel and is <br> currently in Madagascar, an <br> island south east of Africa. |  |  |
| B. We will be visiting my cousins in <br> London, and we will see the <br> Christmas lights. |  |  |

## Recognising Parenthesis

1a. Which of the following sentences use correct punctuation to show parenthesis?
A. The sofa bed in the corner of my bedroom is used - when my friends stay - and when granny comes to visit
B. The sofa bed - in the corner of my bedroom is used when my friends stay and - when granny comes to visit.
C. The sofa bed - in the corner of my bedroom - is used when my friends stay and when granny comes to visit.

2a. Hannah and Sean are using commas to show parenthesis. Who has used punctuation correctly? Explain how you know.


Hannah


Sean

She was afraid of heights, but she faced her fears and attempted the high ropes in her gymnastics lesson.

She attempted the high ropes, even though she was afraid of heights, and faced her fears.

1b. Which of the following sentences use correct punctuation to show parenthesis?
A. The school fayre, which takes place on Sunday, has a range of different stalls though the tombola is the best.
B. The school fayre, is on Sunday, and there will a range of different stalls although the tombola is the best.
C. The school fayre (which is an annual event) has a range of different stalls and the tombola is the best.

2b. Steph and Gabriel are using commas to show parenthesis. Who has used punctuation correctly? Explain how you know.


The children had to stay inside at breaktime, because it was a snowy day and they didn't all have coats.

It was a snowy day, which meant that the children had to stay inside at breaktime, and the school closed early.

3a. Which sentence does not use punctuation for parenthesis? Tick one.
A. Our class went on a school trip to Chester Zoo as part of our Science topic, and I bought a toy tiger for my little sister.
B. Our class went on a trip to Chester Zoo last week, which
 was linked to our Science topic.

Explain how you know.

3b. Which sentence does not use punctuation for parenthesis? Tick one.
A. It was my mum's birthday so we went to see a show at the Opera House - which was amazing.
B. We went to see an amazing show at the Opera House, because it was my mum's birthday.

Explain how you know.

1a. Name the punctuation used for parenthesis in the following sentences.
A. The long, dark, winding path (which seemed to go on forever) finally led us to our destination where we froze in fear.
B. During the weekend, the swimming team - who had been training all week - prepared themselves for the annual gala as they wanted to win.

1b. Name the punctuation used for parenthesis in the following sentences.
A. Once we had decided where we wanted to go, my friend - who always organises events - booked the tickets.
B. Much to the annoyance of the passengers, the train (which was heading to Glasgow) had come to a stop on the tracks because a fault had been detected.

## GD

2b. Circle the punctuation used for parenthesis in the sentence below.

As the fog finally cleared, the aeroplane - which had been grounded for over three hours - was given the signal to prepare for take off and the passengers sighed with relief.

3b. Underline the parenthesis in the sentence below.

As we sat around the campfire with the family, my brother - who is a great musician - started to play a soft tune on his guitar and we all began to sing along.

4a. True or false? Commas are used correctly for parenthesis in the sentences below.

|  | T | F |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| A. The triathlon, which consists of <br> cycling, swimming and running, <br> takes place today and starts at <br> twelve o'clock sharp. |  |  |
| B. Early on Sunday morning, I will <br> be attending a choir <br> performance in church and I am <br> really looking forward to it. |  |  |

4b. True or false? Commas are used correctly for parenthesis in the sentences below.

|  | T | F |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| A. This evening, the concert <br> begins at seven when the <br> community choir will perform <br> directly after the orchestra, who <br> are opening the show. |  |  |
| B. Although it was snowing, the <br> children braved the cold and <br> started to build a snowman. |  |  |

1a. Which of the following sentences use punctuation to show parenthesis?
A. As the sun began to set over the campsite, my dad - who was ready to make dinner - started to build a fire
B. My dad, who had built a fire, started to make dinner as the sun began to set over the campsite.
C. The sun began to set over the campsite, so my dad built a fire then started to make the dinner.

1b. Which of the following sentences use punctuation to show parenthesis?
A. Every Wednesday, my friends Hafsa, Isabel and Hannah come for dinner before we go to gymnastics club.
B. Before we go to gymnastics club which takes place on Wednesdays Hafsa, Isabel and Hannah come for dinner.
C. Hafsa, Isabel and Hannah come for dinner before we go to gymnastics, which takes place on Wednesdays.

2b. Jake and Ben are using commas to show parenthesis. Who has used punctuation correctly? Explain how you know.


Although they weren't going on holiday until Saturday, they decided to pack early so that they were ready.

They decided to pack their suitcase and leave for the airport early - they did not want to be late!

3a. Which sentence does not use punctuation for parenthesis? Tick one.
A. Cian, Kelly and Lucy love playing sports and are on many teams, which is why they are busy on every day of the week.
B. Cian, Kelly and Lucy play for many school teams because they love to play different sports.

Explain how you know.


3b. Which sentence does not use punctuation for parenthesis? Tick one.
A. After the football game, we all went to Pizza Planet to celebrate our win - which is our new postmatch tradition.
B. Recently, we have started a new post-match tradition of going to Pizza Planet after every football match.

Explain how you know.

1. Where in the world could this be? What clues are there to suggest this?
$\square$
2. Think of three words to describe the landscape and environment of this scene?
3. Why do you think the houses are mainly painted white?
$\square$
4. What time of day do you think this is? What clues are there to suggest this?
5. How many people live here? Why do you think this?
6. How old do you think this village is? What makes you think this?
$\square$

## Write the definitions for each of these words.

| Mediterranean |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| coastal |  |
| dusk |  |
| environment |  |
| twilight |  |
| antiquated |  |
| temperate |  |
| sparsity |  |
| climate |  |
| luminescence |  |
| traditional |  |

## Sorting Advertisement Vocabulary

Write the vocabulary in the correct column in the table.
$20 \%$ off! Whilst stocks last.
Bang! The firework exploded...
Cut along the dotted line.
For a limited time only!
This roaring, red, racing car is the must have toy of the year.
Cool trainers, designed for cool kids!
Many thanks for your reply...

The Moon orbits the Earth.
Do you want bright, white teeth?
I am writing to request...
Snow closes local schools!
"What do you want for tea?" asked Mum.

The tangy, orange flavour will tickle your taste buds.
Smart people choose smart prices!

| I should use these in an <br> advertisement | I should NOT use these in an <br> advertisement |
| :--- | :--- |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

## Dinosaurs

Hundreds of millions of years ago, in what is known as the Mesozoic Era, dinosaurs walked the earth. Some were gentle giants; others, ferocious beasts. The Mesozoic Era is divided into three periods: the Triassic period, Jurassic period, and Cretaceous period.

## Triassic Period (248-205 million years ago)

245 million years ago, the global temperature is believed to have averaged around 10 $-15^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(50-60^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$. Towards the end of the Triassic period, evidence suggests that planet Earth became drier and hotter. Deserts covered most of the land, while forests of tree ferns flourished in the Northern hemisphere and conifers near the equator.

One of the earliest known dinosaurs was the Coelophysis, a carnivorous, bipedal predator who emerged around 200 million years ago. The first specimen was found in 1881 in New Mexico, USA. The Coelophysis is estimated to have weighed about 15 20 kg , and measured approximately 3 metres in length. It was a fast and agile dinosaur with exceptional depth perception, and probably hunted small, lizard-like prey.

Towards the end of the Triassic period lived the Plateosaurus, a giant herbivore. It had a long, flexible neck, and flat but sharp plant crushing teeth. It is believed the Plateosaurus weighed between 600 and 4,000 kilograms, and grew to be anywhere between 4.8 and 10 metres long. Like the Coelophysis, the Plateosaurus was bipedal and stood on two legs; unlike the Coelophysis, it was strong and stocky, with powerful arms and hind legs.

## Jurassic Period (205-142 million years ago)

During the Jurassic period, rainfall increased and the oceans rose. Vegetation became lush and plentiful, and giant forests and ferns replaced most of the desert areas that covered Earth's surface.

The Allosaurus reigned at the top of the food chain during the Jurassic period. It was a large bipedal predator; its massive jaw armed with dozens of saw-like serrated teeth. Averaging about 9 metres long and weighing an estimated
 2300 kilograms, the Allosaurus had large, muscular hind legs, small arms, and a long, powerful tail. Some palaeontologists believe it was a social creature who hunted in packs; others believe it was extremely aggressive and kept to itself. Nevertheless, the Allosaurus was ferocious, and likely hunted large herbivores or even other carnivores.

About the size of a modern day bus, the Stegosaurus was a herbivore with short forelimbs which kept its small head close to the ground and its spiked tail high in the air. The Stegosaurus' trademark plates which ran along their back might have been used as a defence mechanism, but it is believed their primary function was to control body temperature.

Another well known herbivore, the long-necked Brachiosaurus, roamed the earth during the Jurassic period. It is thought to have been about 26 metres long, and weighed more than 30,000 kilograms; some specimens suggest it weighed almost double! It fed mostly on foliage, or plant matter, at least 5 metres off the ground. Palaeontologists estimate the Brachiosaurus ate around 250 kilograms of plant matter daily.

Cretaceous Period ( $142-65$ million years ago)
Around the middle of the Cretaceous period, the Earth began to cool. The giant forests of the Jurassic period started to decline and different vegetation, including flowering plants, began to develop.


The Cretaceous period was ruled by none other than the 'Tyrant Lizard King': the Tyrannosaurus rex. Its skull measured 1.5 metres, and was balanced by a long, heavy tail. Its jaw was filled with massive serrated teeth that delivered a devastatingly strong bite. Likely an apex predator, the Tyrannosaurus rex preyed on herbivores and other carnivores alike.

Another well known carnivore from the Cretaceous period is the Velociraptor. Weighing about 15 kilograms and averaging about 1.8 m long (not much bigger than a domestic turkey), the Velociraptor were bipedal, feathered dinosaurs with a large sickle shaped claw on each hind foot, which they used to take down prey.

Looking something like a prehistoric tank, the herbivore Ankylosaurus was covered in armoured plates and had a large club on the end of its tail to protect it from predators. While it was only about 1.7 metres high, it weighed about 6000 kilograms - it had short, strong legs to carry all that weight. Fellow herbivore, the Triceratops, had armour which makes it one of the most recognisable of all the dinosaurs; its trademark bony frill and three facial horns have traditionally been viewed as defensive weapons against predators.


## Extinction

66 million years ago, after approximately 163 million years of existence, dinosaurs disappeared. Most experts believe a giant asteroid crashed into the Earth and wiped them all out. So how do we know so much about them?

## Dinosaur Remains

Palaeontologists from all over the world study fossils to learn about these great creatures. Fossils are preserved remains or traces of animals and plants, usually found in rock. There are many different methods of fossilisation. One type of fossil is formed if a dinosaur died near water. Its body was eventually covered in layers of sediment like ash, mud or sand. The soft parts of the body would rot away, leaving the hard bones of the skeleton behind. Over time, layers of sediment would continue to build up and become extremely heavy. The layers around the skeleton were under so much pressure that they are compacted and become rock. Eventually, minerals found in the groundwater seeped in to dissolve and replace the bones in the skeleton, and these minerals hardened to form a fossil.

Palaeontologists excavate a fossil by removing the rock and earth carefully from around the specimen. During the excavation, the fossil is repeatedly photographed and labelled. For small or fragile fossils, special hand tools are used, including trowels, brushes, and tiny picks (somewhat like dental tools). Bigger fossils might require larger tools, such as shovels or jack-hammers. However a fossil is excavated, once it has been dug out of the ground, it is carefully packed up and moved to the lab. There, it will be cleaned, documented, and studied carefully by specialised scientists.


Some fossils formed in amber give us clues about insects, spiders, and plants from millions of years ago. Amber is formed when lumps of a sticky syrup-like resin seeps out of trees and traps small creatures. Eventually, this hardened resin is buried in sediment and fossilised. Amber is popular for its beautiful colouring, and is often used in jewellery.

Palaeontologists also study trace fossils, which show the marks left behind by a dinosaur while it was alive, including tracks, burrows, and droppings. These fossils give insight into the behaviour of dinosaurs. Studying fossils allows us to walk in the footsteps of dinosaurs millions of years after they died.

## Section A

Which is not a period of the Mesozoic Era?

| Jurassic |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | Cretaceous |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | | Triassic |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Which is considered to be one of the earliest known dinosaurs?

| Stegosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- |


| Coelophysis |  |
| :--- | :--- |


| Allosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- |

Ankylosaurus
Which dinosaur appeared in the Jurassic period?

| Triceratops |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | Allosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | | Plateosaurus |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |

According to their diets, which dinosaur does not belong in this group?

| Ankylosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- |


| Velociraptor |  |
| :--- | :--- |


| Allosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- |

Coelophysis
Which of these dinosaurs had the biggest skull?

| Coelophysis |  |
| :--- | :--- |


| Stegosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- |


| T-Rex |  |
| :---: | :---: |

Velociraptor
Number the dinosaurs in the order they appeared in history.

| Stegosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | | Coelophysis |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | | Plateosaurus |  |
| :--- | :--- |

## Section B

Use the information in the text to decide whether these statements are true or false.

|  | True | False |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The Tyrannosaurus rex and the Brachiosaurus roamed the Earth <br> at the same time. |  |  |
| An apex predator, like the Tyrannosaurus rex, is a predator at <br> the top of its food chain. |  |  |
| The Jurassic period of the Mesozoic Era was more than 250 <br> million years ago. |  |  |
| By the end of the Triassic period, rainfall increased and the <br> oceans rose. |  |  |
| The Triceratops is renowned for its trademark frill and three <br> facial horns. |  |  |
| Experts believe a giant asteroid caused the extinction of the <br> dinosaurs. |  |  |

## Section C

Choose one dinosaur from each period to complete this fact chart.

| Name | Period | Length | Weight | Diet | Notable <br> feature |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |

## Section D

Use a dictionary to find the meaning of the following words from the text.

| apex predator |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| bipedal |  |
| conifer |  |
| excavate |  |
| foliage |  |
| forelimbs |  |
| palaeontology |  |
| serrated |  |

